Q1.

Lara chooses a number less than 100

She divides it by 3 and then subtracts 11

She then divides this result by 2

Her answer is 10.5

What was the number she started with?

 Show your method
 Image: Show is a state in the image: Sh

Q2.

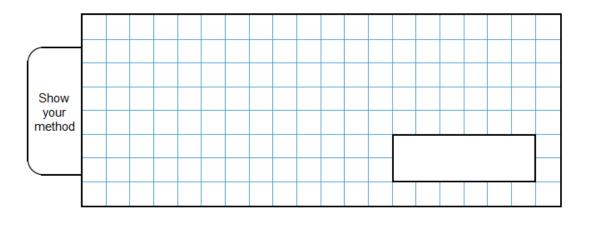
Ben thinks of a number.



He adds half of the number to a quarter of the number.

The result is 60

What was the number Ben first thought of?



2 marks

2 marks

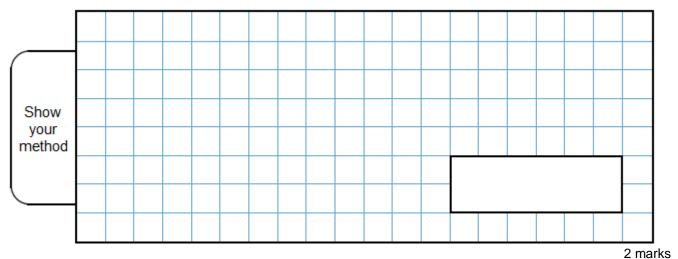


Liam thinks of a number.

He multiplies the number by 5 and then subtracts 60 from the result.

His answer equals the number he started with.

What was the number Liam started with?



Q4.

Josh thinks of a number.



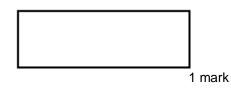
He adds 4

He multiplies his result by 3

Then he takes away 9

His final answer is 90

What number did Josh start with?



Q5.

Emily chooses two numbers.

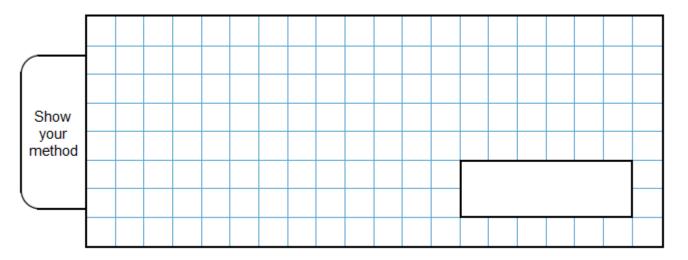


She adds the two numbers together and divides the result by 2

Her answer is 44

One of Emily's numbers is 12

What is Emily's other number?



2 marks

Q6.

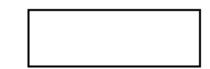
Amy thought of a number.

She added 0.5 to her number and then doubled the result.

Then she subtracted 0.5 and doubled the new result.

Her final answer was 61

What number did Amy start with?



Q7.

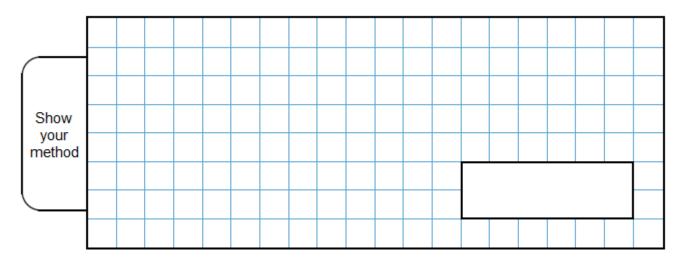
Liam thinks of a number.



He divides it by 9 and then adds 25 to the result.

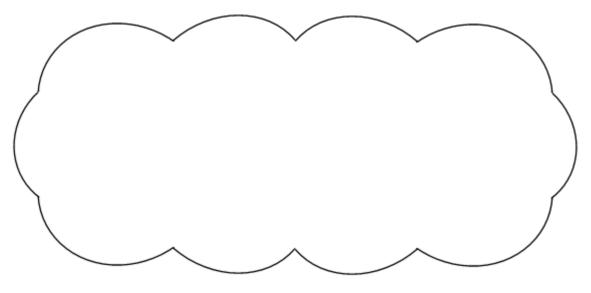
His answer is 36

What number did Liam start with?



Q8.

Explain how you can use this fact to find the answer to ${\bf 18 \times 326}$



1 mark

Q9.

Lara had some money.

She spent £1.25 on a drink.

She spent £1.60 on a sandwich.

She has three-quarters of her money left.

How much money did Lara have to start with?

Show your method													
							£						
							~						

Q10.

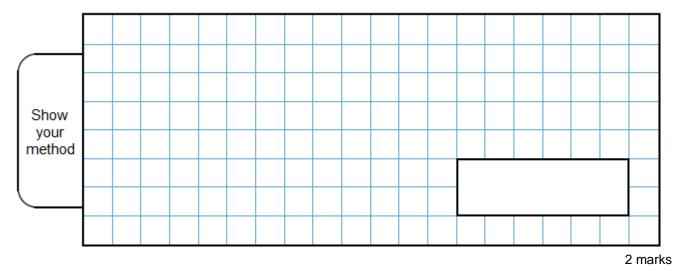
Lara chooses a number less than 20

She divides it by 2 and then adds 6

She then divides this result by 3

Her answer is 4.5

What was the number she started with?



M1.Award TWO marks for the correct answer of 96

If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for evidence of an appropriate method, e.g:

	• $10.5 \times 2 = 21$ 21 + 11 = 32 32×3	
	Answer need not be obtained for the award of ONE mark. Up to 2	
M2.	Award TWO marks for the correct answer of 80	[2]
МЗ.	Award TWO marks for the correct answer of 15 Up to 2 (U1)	[2]
M4.	29	[1]
M5.	Award TWO marks for the correct answer of 76	
	If the answer is incorrect, award ONE mark for evidence of appropriate method, eg $44 \times 2 = 88$ 88 - 12	
	Answer need not be obtained for the award of ONE mark. Up to 2	[2]
M6. A	ward TWO marks for the correct answer of 15	
M7.	Award TWO marks for the correct answer of 99	[2]
M8.	An explanation that shows that 5,868 can be made by adding 326 to 17×326 , e.g.	
	 '5542 + 326 = 18 × 326' '18 × 326 is 326 more than 5,542' 'Because this is the same as 17 × 326 = 5542 so add one more 326 to get the answer' 'You add 326 to 5,542 and your answer will be correct' 'Because you can add 326 to the answer of 17 × 326' '5542 + 326'. 	
M9.	Award TWO marks for the correct answer of £11.40.	
M10.	Award TWO marks for the correct answer of 15.	
	If the answer is incorrect, award ONE mark for evidence of an appropriate method, e.g.	

If the answer is incorrect, award **ONE** mark for evidence of an appropriate method, e.g.

• 4.5 × 3 = 13.5 13.5 - 6 = 7.5 7.5 × 2